	Substrate	CYP450 and UGT		Transporters			
		Inhibitor	Inducer	Inhibitor	Inducer		
ANTIRETROVIRALS							
HIV PROTEASE INHIBIT	TORS (PIs)						
atazanavir ¹	Mainly CYP3A P-gp, MRP1	3A4, UGT1A1 >>2C8 (weak)* *Caution when unboosted atazanavir is coadministered with 2C8 substrates with narrow therapeutic indices (e.g., paclitaxel, repaglinide); clinically significant interactions with 2C8 substrates are not expected when atazanavir is boosted with ritonavir.		P-gp, MRP1, OATP1B1, OATP1B3, BCRP			
darunavir ²	Mainly CYP3A, P-gp	CYP3A4		BCRP, OATP1B13			
fosamprenavir ⁴ , indinavir ⁵ , lopinavir/ritonavir ⁶ , saquinavir ⁷	Mainly CYP3A, P-gp, MRP1 (LPV, SQV)	CYP3A4 (saquinavir is a weak inhibitor)		P-gp (LPV) OATP1B1, OATP1B3 (LPV, SQV)			
nelfinavir ⁸	Mainly CYP3A, 2C19, P-gp	CYP3A4	UGT, 2B6, 2C8, 2C9/199				
tipranavir ¹⁰	Mainly CYP3A, P-gp	2D6 ¹¹	CYP3A4 (potent) ¹⁰ , UGT	OATP1B1	P-gp		
PK BOOSTERS							
ritonavir ¹²	CYP3A4, P-gp, MRP1	CYP3A4 (potent)> >2D6* >2C9 >2C19 >2A6 >1A2>2E1. *negligible effect at boosting doses ⁶	UGT, CYP1A2, CYP2C9/19, 2B6 (inhibits in vitro, ¹³ but induces in vivo ¹⁴)	P-gp, OATP1B1, OATP1B3, BCRP, OATP2B1, OCT2, MATE1 ¹⁵			
cobicistat ¹⁶	CYP3A, 2D6 (minor)	CYP3A, CYP2D6		P-gp, BCRP, OATP1B1 and OATP1B3, MATE1 ^{15, 17}			
HIV NNRTIs							
dapivirine *administered via vaginal ring with low systemic concentrations, reducing likelihood of clinically relevant DDIs18	CYP3A4/5>2B6, 2C19; UGT isoenzymes ¹⁹		Does not induce CYP1A2 or CYP3A4/5 activity (in cultured human hepatocytes). ¹⁹				
delavirdine ²⁰	CYP3A4	3A4 (potent)					
doravirine ²¹	CYP3A4/5. Not a	Does not inhibit CYP3A4,	Unlikely to induce	Not likely to inhibit P-			

	Substrate	CYP450 and UGT		Transpo	rters
		Inhibitor	Inducer	Inhibitor	Inducer
	substrate of OATP1B1	2D6, 1A2, 2B6, 2C8/9, 2C19, or UGT1A1.	CYP1A2, 2B6 or 3A4 enzymes to a clinically relevant extent.	glycoprotein, OATP1B1/3, OAT1, OAT3, OCT2, MATE1, MATE2K, BCRP, BSEP.	
efavirenz ²²	CYP3A4, 2B6 (minor)	2C9, 2C19 ²² (? Clinical significance).	3A4 (potent), 2B6 ²³ , UGT1A1 ²⁴		OATP1B1, MRP2 ²⁵
etravirine ²⁶	CYP3A4, CYP2C9, and CYP2C19	CYP2C9 (weak), CYP2C19 (moderate), p-glycoprotein (weak)	3A4 (weak)	P-gp (weak; 19% increase Cmax of digoxin) ²⁷	
nevirapine ²⁸	CYP3A4, 2B6 (minor)		3A4, 2B6 (potent)		
rilpivirine ²⁹	CYP3A4 (major); CYP2C19, 1A2, 2C8/9/10 (minor).		2C19 (moderate), CYP1A2, 2B6 and 3A4 (weak). ³⁰ A clinically relevant effect on CYP enzyme activity is considered unlikely with the 25 mg dose.	OCT2	
HIV INSTIS					
bictegravir ^{31, 32}	UGT1A1, CYP3A4 (similar contribution)	Does not inhibit CYP including CYP3A4 or UGT1A1.	Does not induce CYP3A4 or UGT1A1.	OCT2 (less than dolutegravir), MATE1. Does not inhibit OATP1B1/3, OCT1, BSEP, OAT1/3.	
cabotegravir ^{33, 34}	UGT1A1, UGT1A9 (minor). Substrate of P-gp, BCRP (high intrinsic membrane permeability limits impact of these transporters on intestinal absorption).	Does not inhibit CYP1A2, 2A6, 2B6, 2C8, 2C9, 2C19 or 2D6. Weakly inhibits CYP3A4 (10% ↑ midazolam AUC) and inhibits UGT1A3 (not clinically relevant).	Does not induce CYP1A2, 2B6 or 3A4.	OAT1/3 (weak; not anticipated to cause clinically significant drug interactions). ³⁵ Does not inhibit P-gp, BCRP, BSEP, MRP2, MRP4, OCT1, OCT2, MATE1, OATP1B1, OATP1B3.	
dolutegravir ³⁶	UGT1A1, CYP3A4 (10- 15%); also a substrate of UGT1A3, UGT1A9, P-gp and BCRP in vitro. Not a substrate of OATP1B1, OATP1B3,		Does not induce CYP1A2, CYP2B6, or CYP3A4 in vitro.	OCT2, MATE1; also MATE2 but low potential to affect transport of MATE2 substrates.	

	Substrate	CYP450 and UGT		Transporters	
		Inhibitor	Inducer	Inhibitor	Inducer
	or OCT1.				
elvitegravir ³⁷	CYP3A4		CYP2C9 (modest)		
raltegravir ³⁸	UGT1A1	Raltegravir has no inhibitory or inductive potential in vitro.	Raltegravir has no inhibitory or inductive potential in vitro.		
HIV REVERSE TRANSO	CRIPTASE NUCLEOTIDE I	NHIBITORS (NRTIs)			
abacavir	Metabolized by intracellular kinases to carbovir triphosphate (CBV-TP). Metabolized by alcohol dehydrogenase and glucuronidation pathways.	CYP1A1 ³⁹			
tenofovir alafenamide (TAF) ⁴⁰	P-gp, BCRP; minimal metabolism via 3A4	3A4 (weak – in vitro only; not an inhibitor in vivo). Does not inhibit CYP1A2, 2B6, 2C8, 2C9, 2C19, 2D6 or UGT1A.	Not an inducer of 3A4 in vivo.		
tenofovir disoproxil fumarate (TDF) ⁴¹	OAT1, MRP4 ⁴²	Does not inhibit CYP3A4, 2D6, 2C9, 2E1. Inhibits CYP1A but likely not clinically significant.			
HIV NUCLEOSIDE REV	ERSE TRANSCRIPTASE	TRANSLOCATION INHIBITOR	R (NRTTI)		
islatravir ⁴³	Does not interact with CYP enzymes.	Does not inhibit CYP enzymes in vitro.	Does not induce CYP enzymes in vitro.	Does not interact with renal or hepatic transporters, incl. P- gp, OATP1B1/3, MRP2/3/4, BSEP, OCT1, OCT2, OAT3, BCRP, MATE1/2K.	
HIV ATTACHMENT INH	IBITOR				
fostemsavir (prodrug of temsavir) ⁴⁴	Esterases (36.1%), CYP3A4 (21.2%), P-gp, BCRP	Not anticipated to inhibit UGT1A1, 1A4, 1A9 or CYP450 enzymes.	No CYP3A4 induction.	Inhibitor of OATP1B1, OATP1B3 and BCRP. Not anticipated to inhibit other transporters including	

	Substrate	CYP450 a	nd UGT	Transporters	
		Inhibitor	Inducer	Inhibitor	Inducer
	strong CYP3A4 inducers. Coadministration with moderate CYP3A4 inducers and/or strong CYP3A4, P-gp and/or BCRP inhibitors are not anticipated to have a clinically relevant effect on temsavir plasma concentrations ⁴⁴			OCT2, OAT1, OAT3, MATE1, MRP2, BSEP, NTCP and P-gp.	
HIV CAPSID INHIBITOR					
lenacapavir ⁴⁵ *long acting SC injection with oral lead in	Substrate of UGT1A1, CYP3A4 (minor), P-gp. May use with potent CYP3A4/Pgp inhibitors without dose modification. Avoid with potent CYP/P-gp/UGT inducers.Low hepatic clearance (0.8%) in primary human hepatocytes ⁴⁶	CYP3A4 (moderate) 94% increase Cmax, 233% increase AUC of midazolam.		P-gp, BCRP (weak) 24% increase Cmax, 63% increase AUC of TAF; 58% increase Cmax, 30% increase AUC of rosuvastatin. No effect on OATP. No change in pitavastatin Cmax or AUC.	
HIV CCR5 INHIBITORS					
cenicriviroc ⁴⁷	CYP3A4, 2C8. Not a substrate of OATP1B1/B3 or OCT2.	Not a known CYP inhibitor.	Not a known CYP inducer.	P-gp Not an inhibitor of OATP1B1/B3 or OCT2.	
maraviroc ⁴⁸	CYP3A4, P-gp	Does not inhibit major CYP isozymes at clinically relevant concentrations.		P-gp (in gut; systemic effects unlikely).	
HIV MATURATION INHII					
GSK2838232 ⁴⁹	CYP3A4, UGT	UGT1A4. Inhibits intestinal CYP3A4 (when administered as GSK232 200 mg/ritonavir).	CYP3A4 (weak)	Inhibits intestinal P-gp, BCRP (when administered as GSK232 200 mg/ritonavir).	

	Substrate	CYP450 a	nd UGT	Transpoi	rters			
		Inhibitor	Inducer	Inhibitor	Inducer			
CO-FORMULATED/CO	CO-FORMULATED/COMBINATION HEPATITIS C REGIMENS							
Epclusa®								
velpatasvir ⁵⁰⁻⁵² (NS5A inhibitor)	CYP3A4, 2C8, 2B6; OATP1B1, OATP1B3, P-gp, BCRP.	No inhibiting or inducing effects on P450.	No inhibiting or inducing effects on P450.	P-gp, OATP1B1, OATP1B3, BCRP (limited to intestinal efflux and hepatic uptake – clinically relevant interactions in systemic circulation not expected).				
sofosbuvir ⁵³ (NS5B inhibitor)	P-gp, BCRP.GS- 331007 (primary systemic nucleoside metabolite, accounts for >90% of systemic drug exposure): not a P-gp substrate	No inhibiting or inducing effects on P450 and UGT1A1.	No inhibiting or inducing effects on P450 and UGT1A1.	No inhibiting or inducing effects on P-gp, BCRP, OATP1B1, OATP1B3, OCT1, BSEP.	No inhibiting or inducing effects on P-gp, BCRP, OATP1B1, OATP1B3, OCT1, BSEP.			
Harvoni®								
ledipasvir ⁵⁴ (NS5A inhibitor)	P-gp, BCRP	Not an inhibitor or inducer of P450 or UGT.	Not an inhibitor or inducer of P450 or UGT.	Weak inhibitor of P-gp and BRCP (intestinal, not systemic). Inhibitor of OATP1B1/1B3 only at concentrations exceeding those achieved in clinic.				
sofosbuvir ⁵³ (NS5B inhibitor)	P-gp, BCRP.GS- 331007 (primary systemic nucleoside metabolite, accounts for >90% of systemic drug exposure): not a P-gp substrate.	No inhibiting or inducing effects on P450 and UGT1A1.	No inhibiting or inducing effects on P450 and UGT1A1.	No inhibiting or inducing effects on P-gp, BCRP, OATP1B1, OATP1B3, OCT1, BSEP.	No inhibiting or inducing effects on P-gp, BCRP, OATP1B1, OATP1B3, OCT1, BSEP.			
Maviret® (Mavyret® – U	JS) ⁵⁵			I =				
glecaprevir (ABT-493) (NS3/4A PI) pibrentasvir (ABT-530) (NS5A inhibitor)	P-gp and/or BCRP. Also for glecaprevir: OATP1B1/3, CYP3A4	CYP1A2, 3A4 (27% ↑ midazolam AUC) and UGT1A1 (weak); do not inhibit CYP2D6, 2C19, 2C9.		P-gp (105% ↑ Cmax, 138% ↑ AUC dabigatran), BCRP, OATP1B1/3.				

	Substrate	CYP450 and UGT		Transporters	
		Inhibitor	Inducer	Inhibitor	Inducer
	(secondary role). Minimal metabolism and primary biliary excretion, negligible renal excretion (<1%).	Significant interactions with substrates of these enzymes are not expected. ⁵⁶			
Vosevi®					
sofosbuvir ⁵³ (NS5B inhibitor)	P-gp, BCRP. GS- 331007 (primary systemic nucleoside metabolite, accounts for >90% of systemic drug exposure): not a P-gp substrate	No inhibiting or inducing effects on P450 and UGT1A1.	No inhibiting or inducing effects on P450 and UGT1A1.	No inhibiting or inducing effects on P-gp, BCRP, OATP1B1, OATP1B3, OCT1, BSEP.	No inhibiting or inducing effects on P-gp, BCRP, OATP1B1, OATP1B3, OCT1, BSEP.
velpatasvir ⁵⁰⁻⁵² (NS5A inhibitor)	CYP3A4, 2C8, 2B6; OATP1B1, OATP1B3, P-gp, BCRP.	No inhibiting or inducing effects on P450.	No inhibiting or inducing effects on P450.	P-gp (34% ↑ AUC, 88% ↑ Cmax digoxin), OATP1B1, OATP1B3, OATP2B1, BCRP (169% ↑ rosuvastatin AUC)).	
voxilaprevir (GS- 9857) ^{57, 58} (NS3/4A PI)	P-gp, BCRP, OATP1B1, OAT1B3. CYP3A4>>CYP1A2, 2C8.	Does not inhibit CYP or UGT1A1 enzymes.		P-gp, BCRP, OATP1B1, OATP1B3. Does not inhibit OCT1, OCT2, OAT1, OAT3 or MATE1.	
Zepatier® ⁵⁹					
elbasvir ^{60, 61} (NS5A inhibitor)	CYP3A4, P- glycoprotein (P-gp) and OATP in vitro.	Does not inhibit CYP3A4	Does not induce CYP1A2, 2B6 or 3A4. ⁵⁹	BCRP (intestinal) ⁵⁹ , P-gp (in vitro only; not expected to cause clinically significant interactions via P-gp inhibition at usual clinical doses) ⁶² Does not inhibit OATP1B ⁵⁹	
grazoprevir ^{61, 63} (NS3/4A PI)	CYP3A4, P-gp and OATP1B1	CYP2C8 (not clinically meaningful), ⁶⁴ 3A4 (weak; 34% ↑ midazolam AUC), UGT1A1 (weak)	Does not induce CYP1A2, 2B6 or 3A4. ⁵⁹	BCRP (intestinal) ⁵⁹ . Does not inhibit OATP1B ⁵⁹	

	Substrate	CYP450 and UGT		Transporters					
		Inhibitor	Inducer	Inhibitor	Inducer				
Daclatasvir-SOF	Daclatasvir-SOF								
daclatasvir ⁶⁵ (NS5A inhibitor)	CYP3A4, P-gp, OCT1. (*inhibition of P-gp alone with no/minimal CYP3A4 inhibition not expected to significantly increase daclatasvir exposure)		CYP3A4 (weak; no meaningful effect on midazolam kinetics)	P-gp (weak- moderate), weak inhibitor of OATP1B1, OCT1, and BCRP.					
sofosbuvir ⁵³ (NS5B inhibitor)	P-gp, BCRP. GS- 331007 (primary systemic nucleoside metabolite, accounts for >90% of systemic drug exposure): not a P-gp substrate	No inhibiting or inducing effects on P450 and UGT1A1.	No inhibiting or inducing effects on P450 and UGT1A1.	No inhibiting or inducing effects on P-gp, BCRP, OATP1B1, OATP1B3, OCT1, BSEP.	No inhibiting or inducing effects on P-gp, BCRP, OATP1B1, OATP1B3, OCT1, BSEP.				

<u>Key</u>: BCRP = breast cancer resistance protein; CYP= Hepatic Cytochrome P450 isoenzyme; Substrate= route of hepatic elimination of that specific drug (specified by a specific cytochrome P450 isoenzyme); inducer = leads to more rapid clearance of substrates of a specific hepatic isoenzyme (lowers serum concentrations of the respective drug and may lead to decreased efficacy); inhibitor= leads to decreased clearance of substrates of a specific hepatic isoenzyme (increases serum concentrations of a respective drug and may lead to toxicity). OCT2 = renal organic cation transporter; P-gp= P-glycoprotein; UGT= Uridine diphosphate glucuronyltransferase.

Please note: This chart summarizes currently available data, and should be used in conjunction with other reliable sources of information. Due to the rapidly changing nature of information about HIV and HCV treatment and therapies, users are advised to recheck the information contained herein with the original source before applying it to patient care.

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